

The Tempestuous Future of Computing – Every Cloud Engenders *not* a Storm

ComputationWorld 2009 November 15-20, 2009

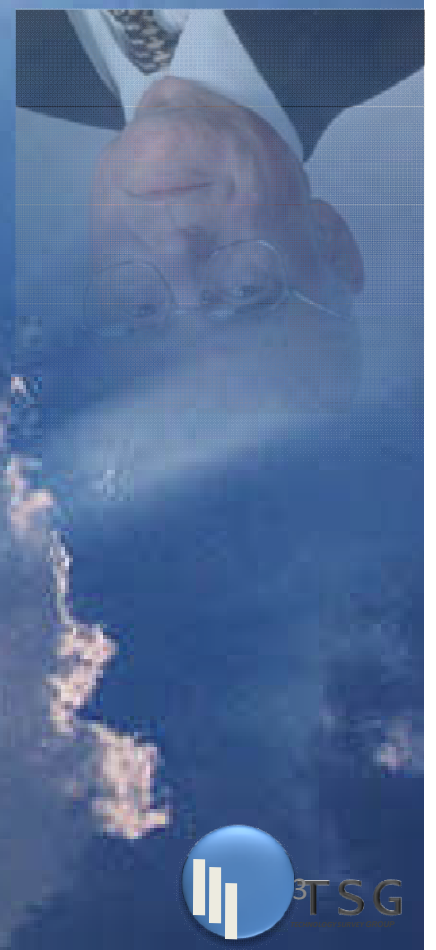
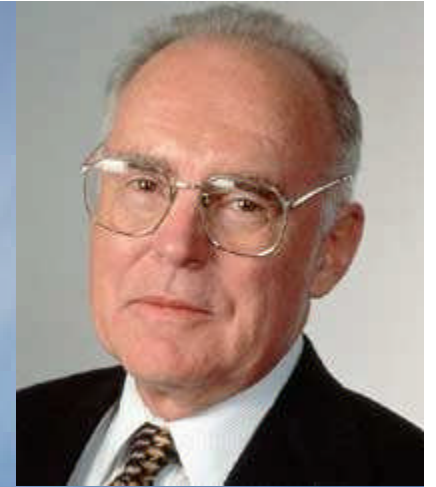
Athens/Glyfada, Greece

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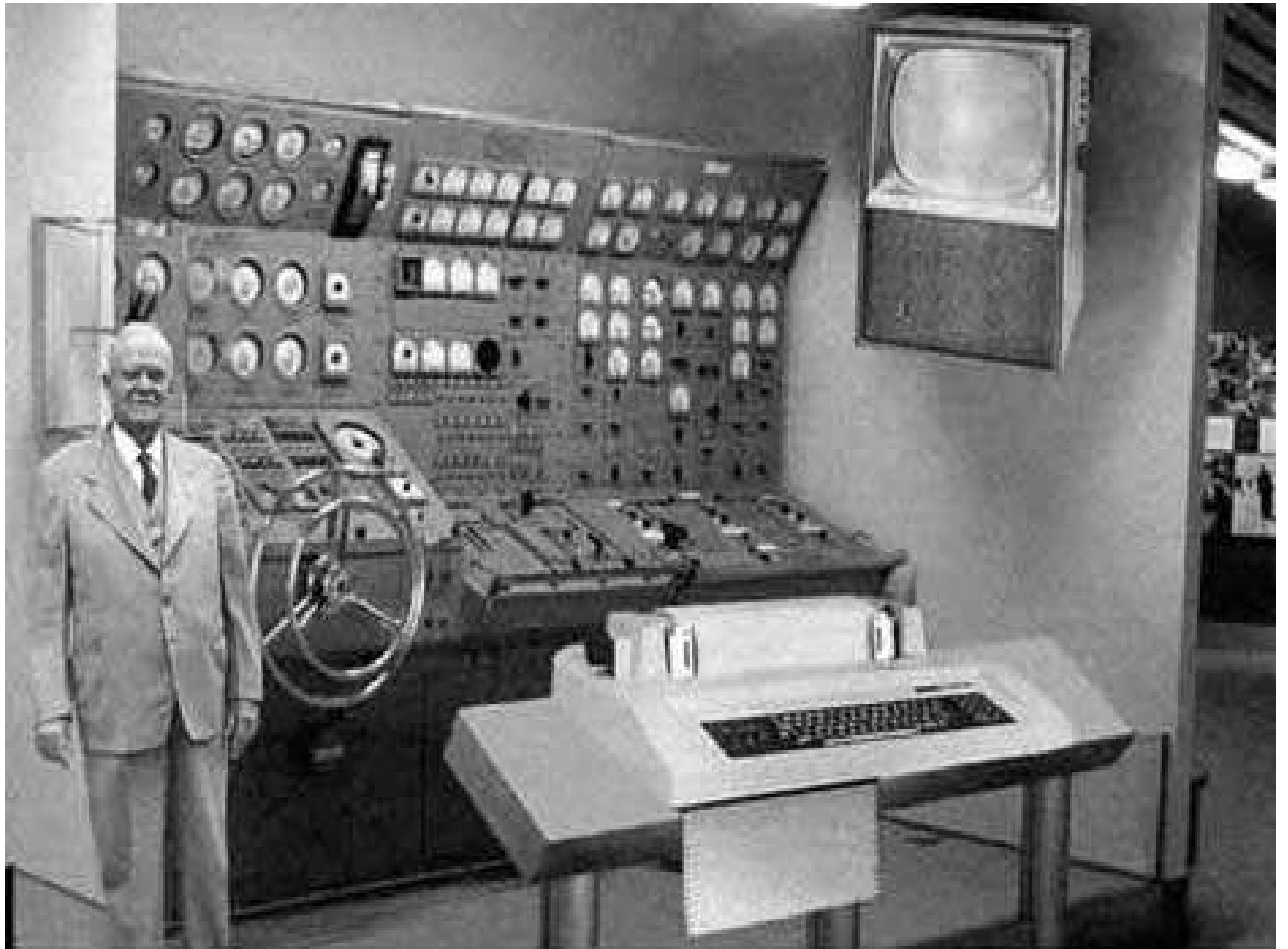
Agenda

- ❖ What is the future of computing?
- ❖ Interfaces and Applications
- ❖ Ubiquity
- ❖ Cloud Computing / Services / Architectures
- ❖ Quantum Computing
- ❖ DNA/Molecular Computing
- ❖ Security, Reliability, and Trust
- ❖ Conclusion

Moore's Law: In 1965 Gordon Moore, co-founder of Intel, stated that the number of transistors per square inch on integrated circuits had doubled every year since the integrated circuit was invented. Moore predicted that this trend would continue for the foreseeable future...

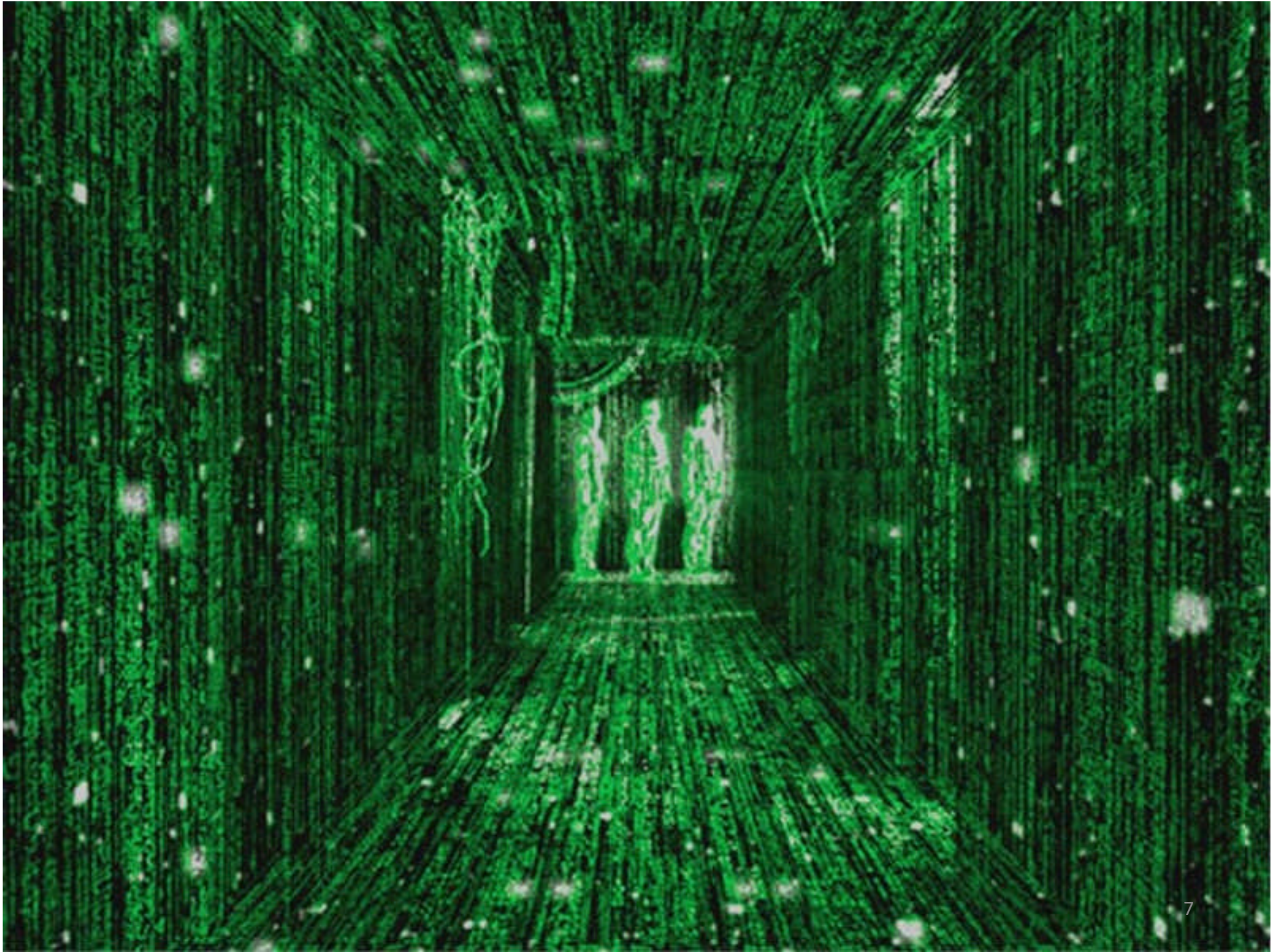


What is the future of Computing?





**"640K ought to be enough for *anybody*
*Bill Gates, 1981***



NATURAL INTERFACES

CONTEXT-AWARE APPLICATIONS

AUTOMATED CAPTURE



NATURAL INTERFACES

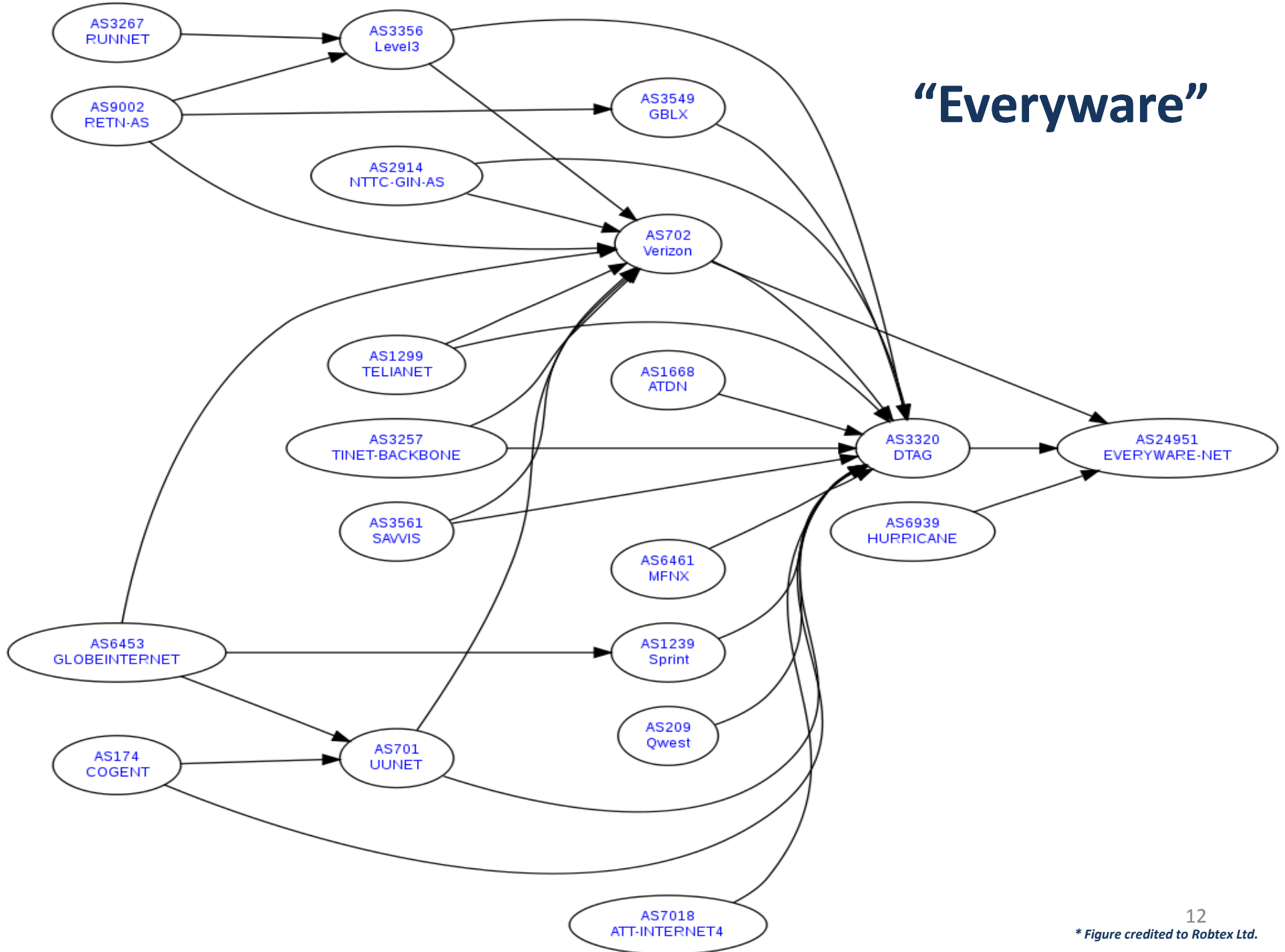
Natural user interfaces, or NUIs, is the term used by designers and developers of computer interfaces to refer to a user interface that is effectively invisible, or becomes invisible with successive learned interactions, to its users.

CONTEXT-AWARE APPLICATIONS

Applications based on the idea that computers can sense and react based on their environment. Devices may have information about the circumstances under which they are able to operate and based on rules, or an intelligent stimulus, react accordingly.

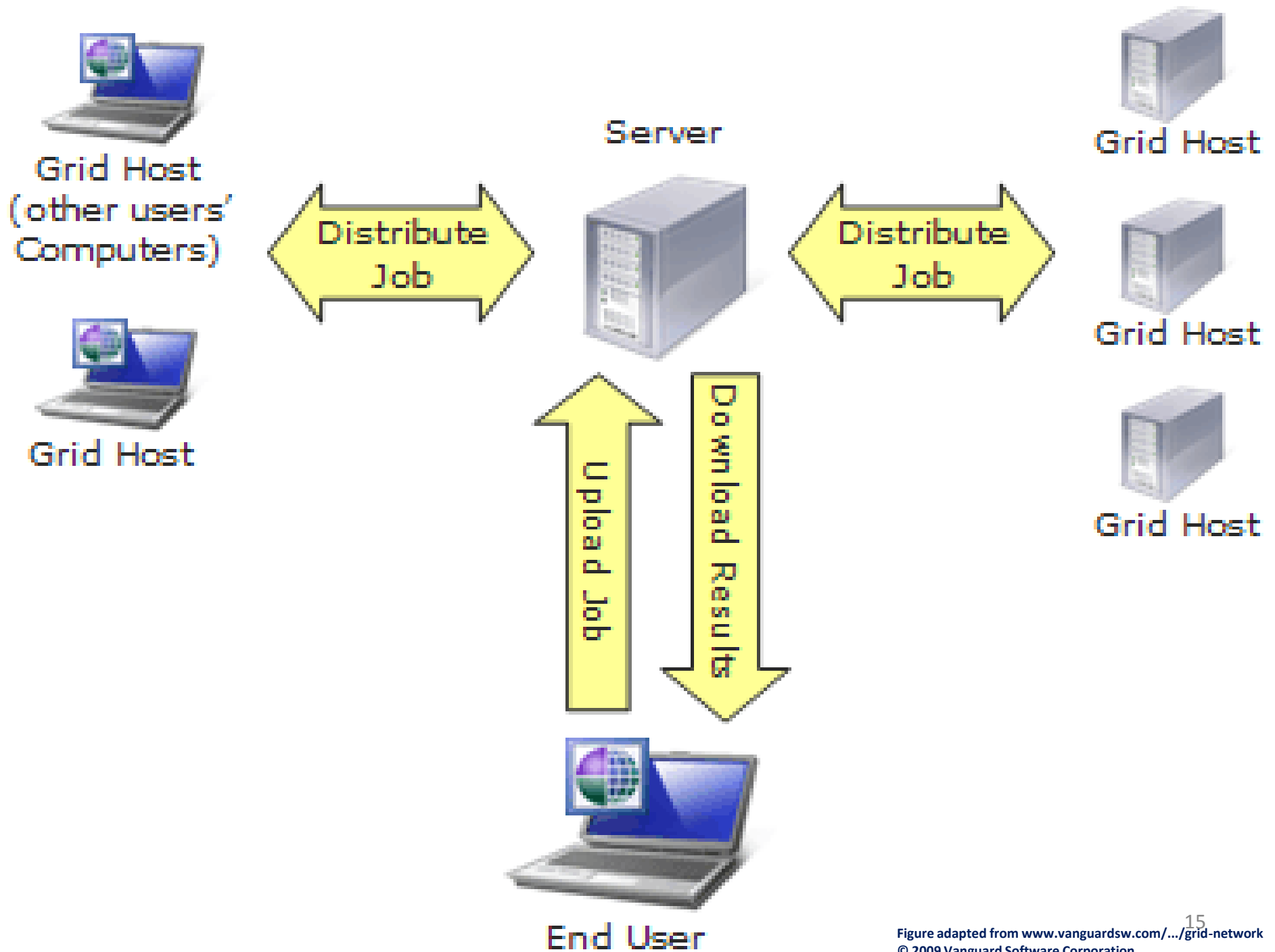
Data input without typing. Data is captured automatically - usually through the use of equipment such as barcode readers or magnetic strip readers, or technologies such as optical character recognition (OCR), radio frequency identification (RFID), or speech recognition.

“Everyware”



CLOUD COMPUTING

DIBAREBUTUKEKONDISIUMAHABUNG?



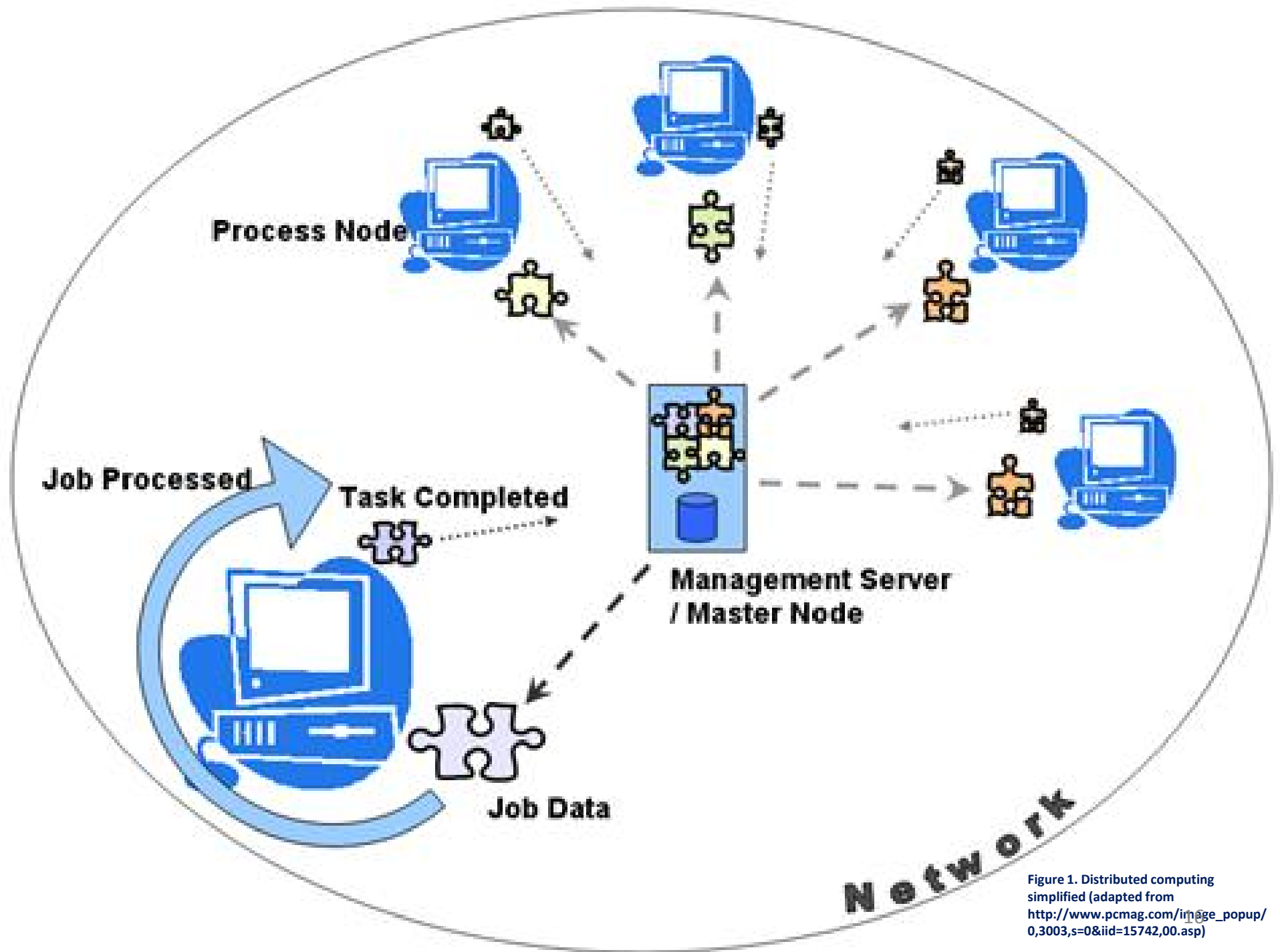
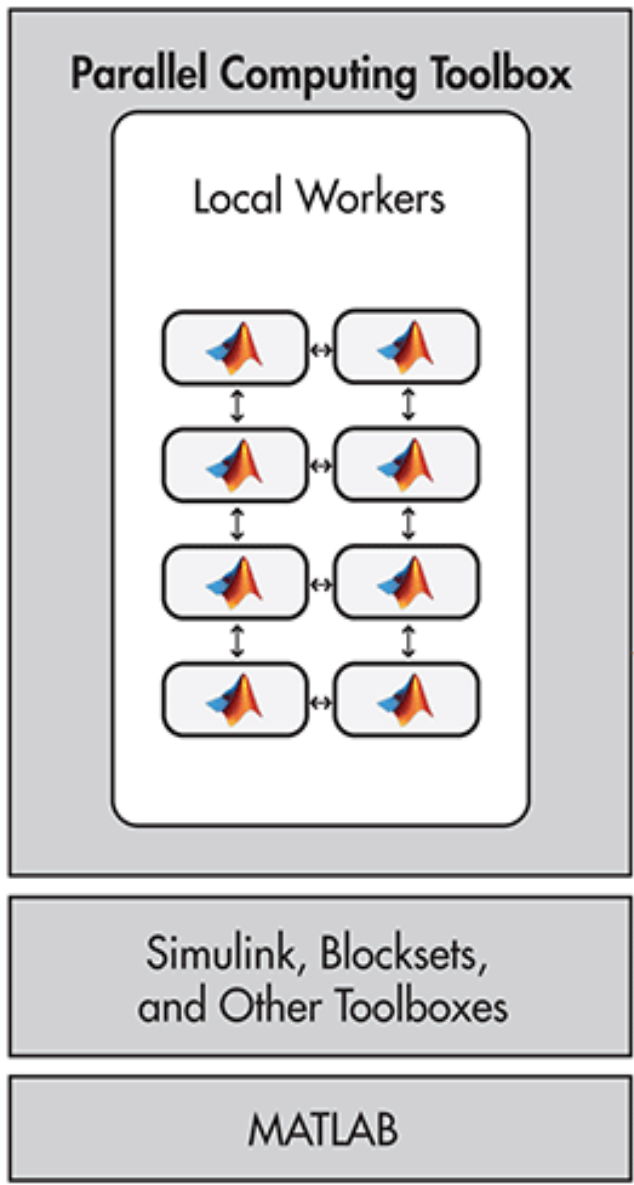


Figure 1. Distributed computing simplified (adapted from http://www.pcmag.com/image_popup/0,3003,s=0&iid=15742,00.asp)

Desktop System



Computer Cluster

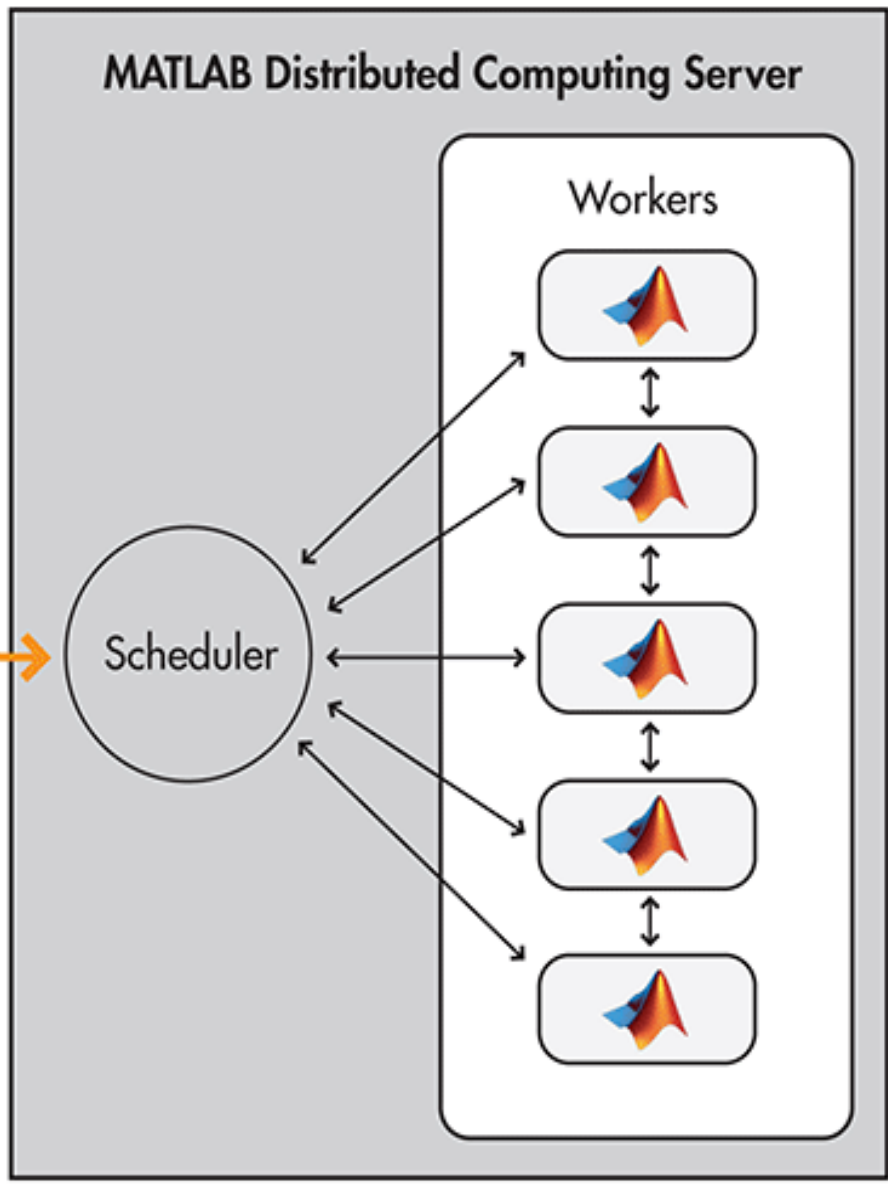
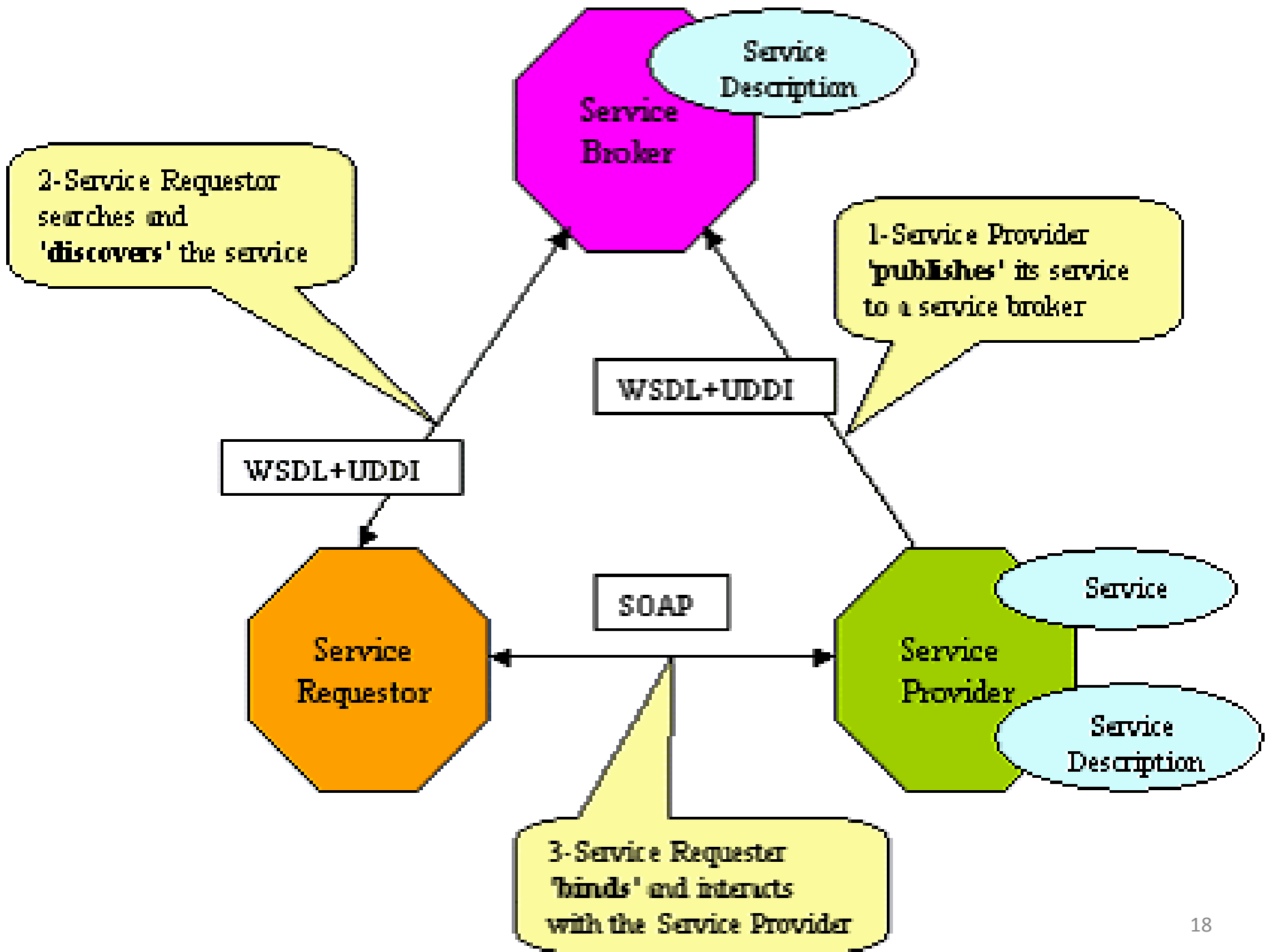
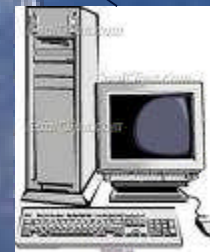


Fig. 1. Parallel Computing . Adapted from <http://www.mathworks.se/company/pressroom/articles/article34060.html>



Cloud Computing

The provision of dynamically scalable and often virtualized resources as a service over the Internet on a utility basis.





Windows Live Microsoft Office Live Microsoft Exchange Online Microsoft SharePoint Online Microsoft Dynamics CRM Online

Azure™ Services Platform

Live Services Microsoft .NET Services Microsoft SQL Services Microsoft SharePoint Services Microsoft Dynamics CRM Services

Windows Azure™

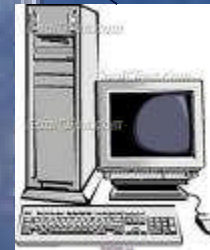




"DYNAMICALLY SCALABLE"
"VIRTUALIZED RESOURCES"
"SERVICES"
"INTERNET"

"SEAMLESS INTEGRATION"
"NEW PARADIGM"
"NOVEL"





**Infrastructure-as-a-Service
(IaaS)**


**Platform-as-a-Service
(PaaS)**

**Software-as-a-Service
(SaaS)**

**SaaS applications *may* use the cloud –
but they are *not* the cloud.**

**SOA architectures *may* or *may not*
be delivered via SaaS but...
they are *not* generically SaaS.**

**Cloud applications *may* or *may not*
be delivered as SaaS**

Tiny computers embedded into 

 INTELLIGENT WALL



 INTELLIGENT LIGHT



INTELLIGENT CHAIR 



 COMMUNICATION TERMINAL

 INTELLIGENT DESK

 INTELLIGENT FLOOR

 INTELLIGENT AIRCONDITIONING/HEATING

TO CLOUD/OUTSIDE

UBIQUITOUS NETWORK



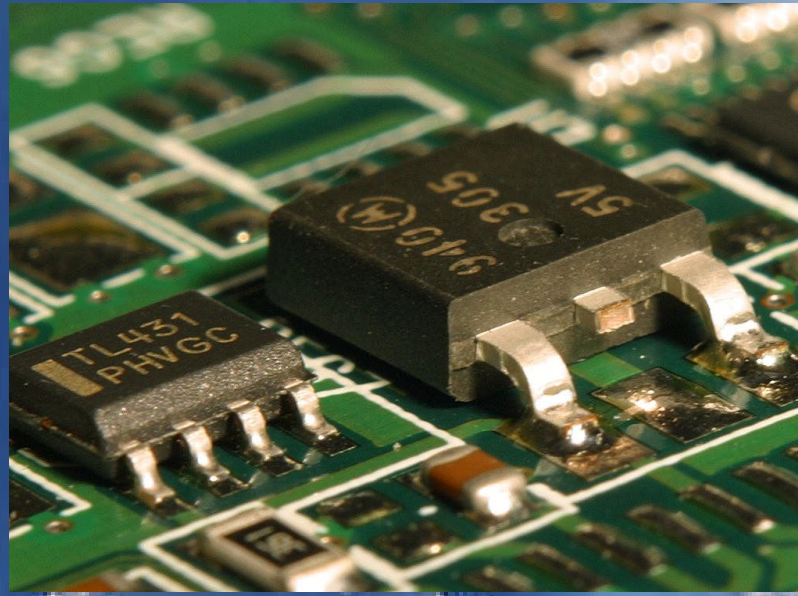




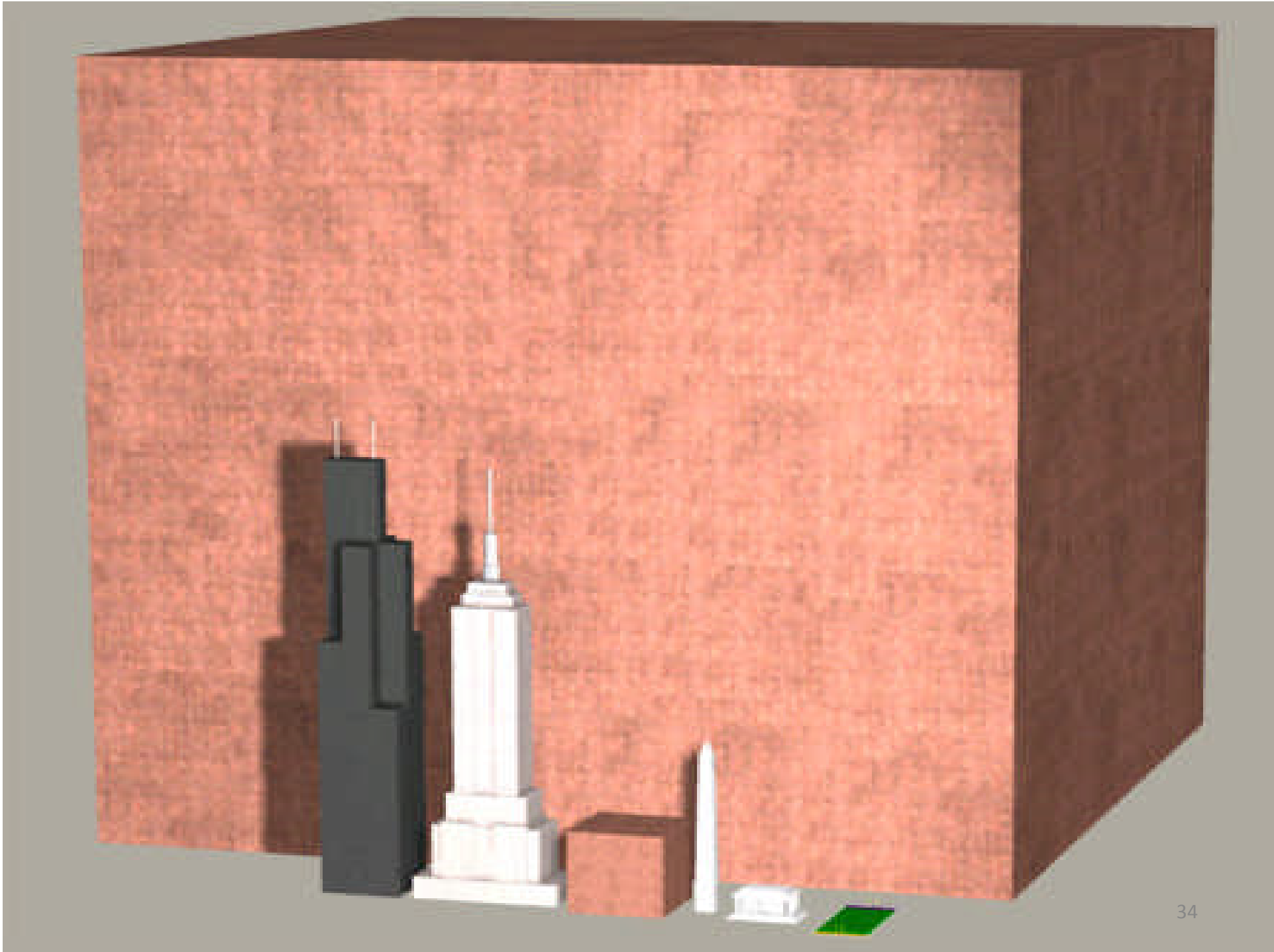
SPEED

“AND”

“XOR”

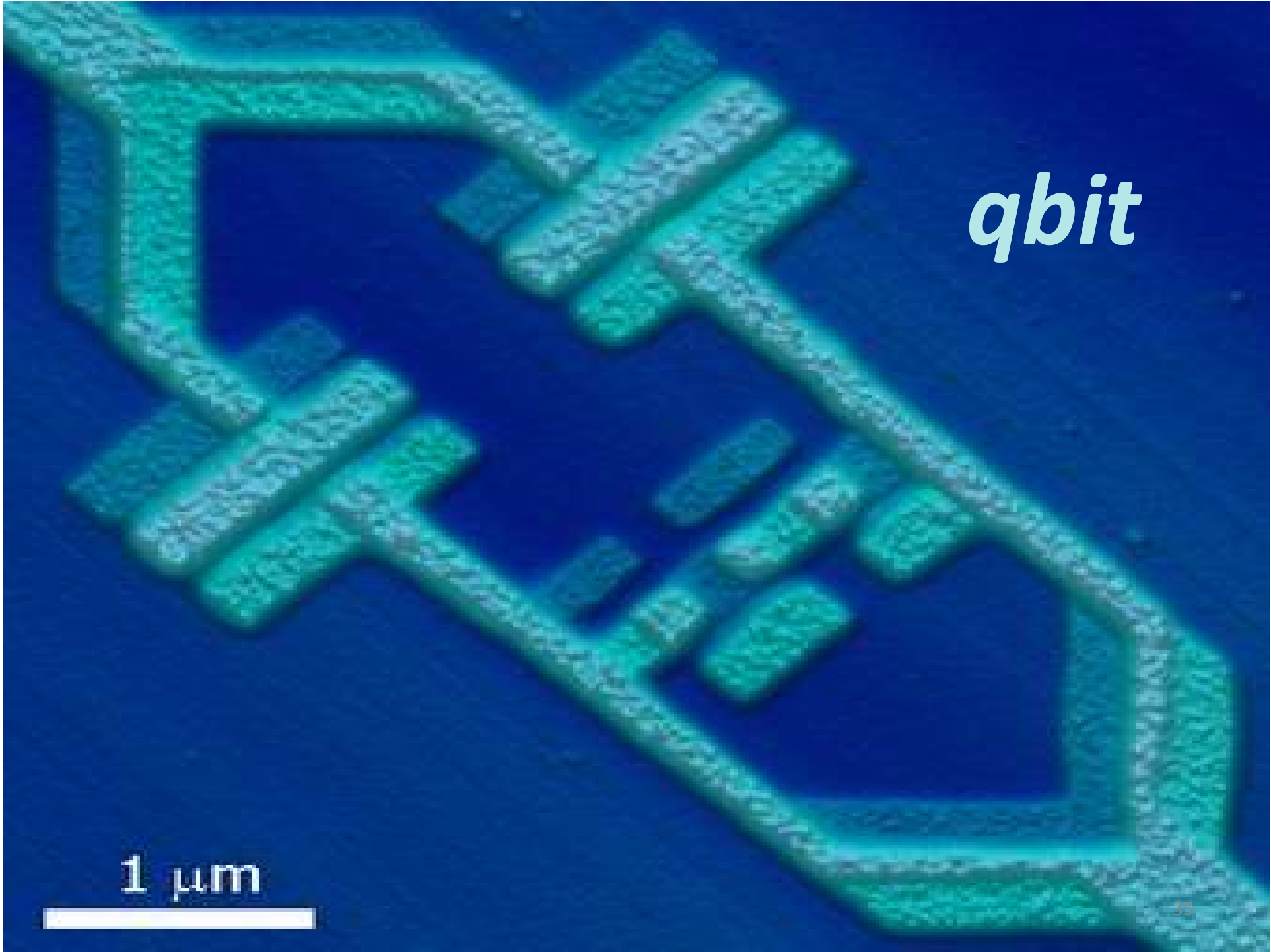


For every unit of energy, a perfect quantum computer spits out ten quadrillion *more* operations each second than today's fastest processors



qbit

1 μm








Quantum Computing

...harnesses the power of atoms and molecules to perform memory and processing tasks

...can represent *both* a 1 *and* a 0 at the same time

...will out-perform today's computer in next 5- 10 years





Molecular or “DNA” Computing

...focuses on the computational power of molecules

**... can act as logic gates analogous to silicon
-based gates of ordinary computers**

SECURITY

Server Spotting

Confidentiality Attacks

Authentication Attacks

Integrity Attacks

DNS Poisoning

Availability Attacks

IP Spoofing

Sniffing

Denial of Service Attacks

Trojan Horse Attacks

Viruses

Rogue Access Points

Worms

Logic Bombs

Man in the Middle Attack



If Data Gets Violated in the Cloud, Who is Responsible?

Amazon Web Services Customer Agreement

7.2. Security. We strive to keep Your Content secure, **but cannot guarantee that we will be successful at doing so**, given the nature of the Internet. Accordingly, without limitation to Section 4.3 above and Section 11.5 below, **you acknowledge that you bear sole responsibility for adequate security, protection and backup of Your Content and Applications.**

SO WHERE DOES THIS LEAVE US?



